

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS10290

Specification

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) - Product Information

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	P41595
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	54kDa KDa
Dilution	IHC-P~~N/A

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3357

Other Names

5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2B, 5-HT-2B, 5-HT2B, Serotonin receptor 2B, HTR2B

Target/Specificity

Human 5HT2B Receptor. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -70°C ; Short term: $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$

Precautions

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name HTR2B ([HGNC:5294](#))

Function

G-protein coupled receptor for 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin) (PubMed:18703043, PubMed:23519210, PubMed:7926008, PubMed:8078486, PubMed:8143856, PubMed:8882600). Also functions as a receptor for various ergot alkaloid derivatives and psychoactive substances (PubMed:12970106, PubMed:18703043, PubMed:23519210, PubMed:7926008, PubMed:8078486, PubMed:8143856, PubMed:8882600).

[23519215](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23519215), PubMed: [24357322](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24357322), PubMed: [28129538](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538), PubMed: [30127358](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30127358), PubMed: [36087581](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36087581), PubMed: [7926008](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7926008), PubMed: [8078486](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8078486), PubMed: [8143856](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8143856)). Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of downstream effectors (PubMed: [23519215](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23519215), PubMed: [28129538](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538), PubMed: [8078486](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8078486), PubMed: [8143856](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8143856), PubMed: [8882600](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8882600)). HTR2B is coupled to G(q)/G(11) G alpha proteins and activates phospholipase C-beta, releasing diacylglycerol (DAG) and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) second messengers that modulate the activity of phosphatidylinositol 3- kinase and promote the release of Ca(2+) ions from intracellular stores, respectively (PubMed: [18703043](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18703043), PubMed: [23519215](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23519215), PubMed: [28129538](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538), PubMed: [30127358](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30127358), PubMed: [36087581](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36087581), PubMed: [8078486](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8078486), PubMed: [8143856](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8143856), PubMed: [8882600](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8882600)). Beta-arrestin family members inhibit signaling via G proteins and mediate activation of alternative signaling pathways (PubMed: [23519215](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23519215), PubMed: [28129538](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28129538), PubMed: [30127358](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30127358), PubMed: [36087581](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36087581)). Plays a role in the regulation of dopamine and 5- hydroxytryptamine release, 5-hydroxytryptamine uptake and in the regulation of extracellular dopamine and 5-hydroxytryptamine levels, and thereby affects neural activity. May play a role in the perception of pain (By similarity). Plays a role in the regulation of behavior, including impulsive behavior (PubMed: [21179162](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21179162)). Required for normal proliferation of embryonic cardiac myocytes and normal heart development (By similarity). Protects cardiomyocytes against apoptosis (By similarity). Plays a role in the adaptation of pulmonary arteries to chronic hypoxia (By similarity). Plays a role in vasoconstriction (By similarity). Required for normal osteoblast function and proliferation, and for maintaining normal bone density (By similarity). Required for normal proliferation of the interstitial cells of Cajal in the intestine (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Synapse, synaptosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02152}

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous. Detected in liver, kidney, heart, pulmonary artery, and intestine. Detected at lower levels in blood, placenta and brain, especially in cerebellum, occipital cortex and frontal cortex.

Volume

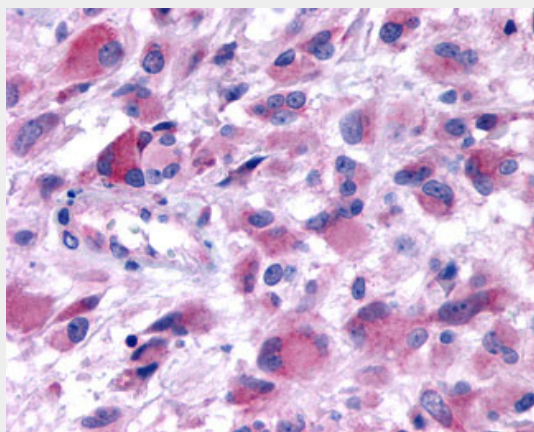
50 µl

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protocols

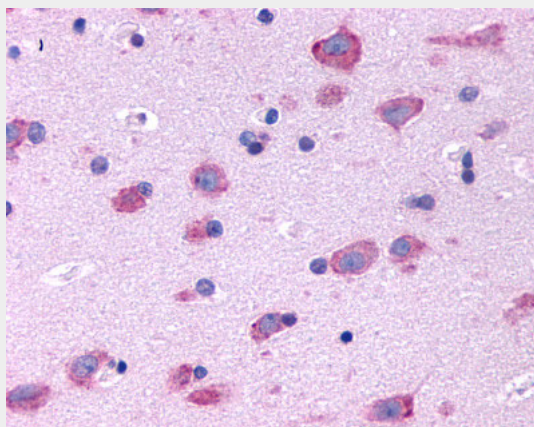
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) - Images



Anti-HTR1B / 5-HT2B Receptor antibody IHC of human Brain, Glioblastoma.



Anti-5HT2B Receptor antibody ALS10290 IHC of human brain, neurons and glia.

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) - Background

G-protein coupled receptor for 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin). Also functions as a receptor for various ergot alkaloid derivatives and psychoactive substances. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors. Beta-arrestin family members inhibit signaling via G proteins and mediate activation of alternative signaling pathways. Signaling activates a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system that modulates the activity of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and down-stream signaling cascades and promotes the release of Ca^{2+} ions from intracellular stores. Plays a role in the regulation of dopamine and 5-hydroxytryptamine release, 5-hydroxytryptamine uptake and in the regulation of extracellular

dopamine and 5- hydroxytryptamine levels, and thereby affects neural activity. May play a role in the perception of pain. Plays a role in the regulation of behavior, including impulsive behavior. Required for normal proliferation of embryonic cardiac myocytes and normal heart development. Protects cardiomyocytes against apoptosis. Plays a role in the adaptation of pulmonary arteries to chronic hypoxia. Plays a role in vasoconstriction. Required for normal osteoblast function and proliferation, and for maintaining normal bone density. Required for normal proliferation of the interstitial cells of Cajal in the intestine.

HTR2B / 5-HT2B Receptor Antibody (N-Terminus) - References

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Choi D.S.,et al.FEBS Lett. 352:393-399(1994).
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Kim S.J.,et al.Mol. Cell. Probes 14:47-52(2000).
Puhl H.L. III,et al.Submitted (JUL-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.